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Directory

Chapter 0 preface

0.1 preface

In order to fully play the function of the frequency conversion cabinet and ensure the safety of users, please read this operation manual. When you find difficult problems in the use process, please contact the dealer or technical staff of our company, our professional staff will be willing to serve you.

%Instructions for use

Frequency conversion cabinet is a precise electric power electronic product, in order to protect your life and property safety, this manual has the words " warning" " attention ", is to remind you in handling, installation, use, inspection of the frequency converter required attention safety precautions, please cooperate with.

Warning The operation was not at the time, and could cause serious personal injury.



The operation is not at that time, may cause the frequency converter or mechanical system to be damaged.



- Avoid electricity! The DC capacitor in the inverter cabinet can be discharged 5 minutes after the power supply is removed. please remove the power supply after 5 minutes, and then proceed to r & r or inspection.
- The wiring shall not be implemented in the process of delivery. if the frequency conversion cabinet is in operation, do not check the circuit out of the box;
- Do not disassemble the internal connection or line and parts of the inverter cabinet automatically;
- > Grounding terminal of frequency conversion cabinet, be sure to ground correctly:



- Do not conduct voltage test on the components of the inverter cabinet, these semiconductor parts are liable to be damaged by high voltage;
- > The inverter output terminals u, v, w can never be connected to AC power supply;
- Frequency conversion cabinet circuit board CMOS integrated circuit is vulnerable to electrostatic influence and damage, do not touch the circuit board.

Chapter 1 Safety precautions

1.1 Before Power On



The main loop terminal must be correctly matched, 3-phase(R, S, T) is power input terminal, Never mix with the motor output terminals (u, v, w); When mixing, the power supply will cause damage to the inverter cabinet.



1.2 After Power On

🥙 Warry

- Do not open the cover after the product is power on, otherwise there is danger of electric shock! Do not touch any input / output terminals of the converter. Otherwise there is danger of electric shock.! .
- Touch the machine body, preferably wear shoes or gloves. Avoid wet hand contact with any part of the machine, and cause people to be injured

Attention

- If the product needs parameter modification, please pay attention to the danger of injury in the motor rotation. Otherwise it may cause an accident.
- > Do not touch the heat sink.

1.3 Wiring





Water and external cooling equipment shall be installed in accordance with the provisions to avoid coolant spillage or pipe bursting.

- > Do not connect the input power to the inverter output terminal.
- Do not connect the electromagnetic contactor, electromagnetic switch contact to the output terminal.
- > Do not connect the phase capacitor or LC / RC filter to the output circuit.
- Ensure that the interference generated by the frequency conversion cabinet and motor does not affect the peripheral sensors or equipment.

1.4 Before running

Warry
 Before power on, please confirm that the capacity of the adapter of the inverter cabinet is the same as the motor power capacity of the motor.
 The length of the inverter and the motor is more than 25 meters, it is necessary to reduce the carrier frequency or add the output filter to reduce the overload or oscillation of the load end, and avoid the motor damage.
 Check the waterway equipment to ensure that the water pressure and flow of the external circulation water meet the cooling requirements.

1.5 Parameter setting



1.6 Revolve

A Warning

- Please confirm that the front door closes and turn the knob to the closed position, and then turn on the power supply.
- In the operation, the motor unit can not be put into or cut off, otherwise it is easy to cause the frequency conversion cabinet over-current trip, serious time will cause the main circuit damage of the converter.
- When performing the reset function, do not come near to the machine. after the fault is cleared, the machine will start again.
- > Do not operate the machine when your hands are wet.
- Provides an independent external hardware emergency switch that can turn off the inverter output when in danger.
- > Please confirm that the operation command is closed before the reversion warning.
- If the recovery is selected after the automatic restart, the frequency converter will start automatically after the power supply.
- Operation process, please ensure the peripheral water system, avoid direct contact with electrical equipment, to ensure the safety of personnel.
- During operation, water cooling equipment shall not be disassembled or overhauled to avoid overflowing of internal hot circulating liquid.
- Whether the inverter is in operation or stop status, avoid touching the relevant terminals to prevent danger.
- > After the power supply is cut, the fan may continue to rotate for a period of time.
- After the machine stops running, the cabinet body still maintains the temperature, the maintenance personnel should pay careful attention to prevent the scald.

	⚠️ Note					
\checkmark	The power cord, motor line, water cooling line and other heating components do not touch.					
\checkmark	Frequency conversion cabinet can easily make the motor from low speed to					
	high-speed operation, please confirm the allowable range of motor and load.					
\succ	When the front end uses the circuit breaker or electromagnetic contactor, please pay					
	attention to the specification and relevant settings.					
\succ	Do not check the signal on the circuit board when the frequency conversion cabinet					
	operates.					
	Marning					
>	Avoid electricity! The DC capacitor in the inverter cabinet can be discharged 5 minutes after the power supply is removed. please remove it after 5 minutes after the power supply is removed.					

1.7 Inspection, maintenance and replacement

Warning

- Before performing maintenance check, verify that the power supply is off and the power led is off (please confirm that the DC voltage is not more than 25 volts)
- There are high voltage terminals in the terminal of frequency conversion cabinet, do not touch freely.
- When the power supply is turned on, be sure to install the protective cover and when removing the cover, be sure to disconnect the power from the breaker.
- In addition to the specified professional personnel, do not conduct maintenance inspection or replace parts
- Note
 The temperature of the frequency conversion cabinet should be used in 0 °C ~ + 40 °C 90 % RH not environment, but need to ensure no drop of water and metal dust in the surrounding environment.

Note on the scrapping of frequency converter cabinet

- Note
 Note on the scrapping of frequency converter cabinet:
 An explosion may occur when the electrolytic capacitance of the main circuit of the inverter cabinet and the electrolytic capacitor on the printed circuit board are burned;
 Toxic gas will be generated when plastic parts such as the inner wires and panels of
 - the inverter cabinet are burned.

Chapter 2 Description Model Number

2.1 Inverter nameplate



2.2 type code description

YD1	132	T4	-LSPG	А	Μ	2S
(1)	2	3	4	5	6	$\overline{7}$

Grade	Rules	explain
1	Series name	YD1
2	Rated power of suitable motor	132kW
3	Input voltage	T4:380V
		T6:660V
4	Allow maximum start current	LSPG: The starting current is maximum
		within 50 % of the rated current
		HSPG: The starting current is maximum
		within 100 % of the rated current
5	Customer name	Factory coding
6	Circuit breaker form	M: Molded case
		A: Framework
$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$	Configuration	X: Standard
		2S: 2 single head
		2D: 1 Platform head

Chapter 3

ambient environment and installation

3.1 Environment

3.1.1 Operating environment

The environment of frequency conversion cabinet installation has direct influence on the normal function of frequency conversion cabinet and its service life, so the installation environment of frequency conversion cabinet must meet the following conditions:

Protection				
IP Level	IP20			
	Applicable environment			
Ambient	-10~40 ℃			
temperature	-10~40 C			
Storage	-40~60 ℃			
temperature	-40~00 C			
Humidity	5 % to 90 % RH			
Humidity	(compliance with iec 60068 - 2 - 78)			
	Maximum acceleration: 1.2 g (12m / S2) from ntity to 150 Hz			
Vibration	Displacement amplitude: 0.3 mm (peak), from 10 to ntity Hz			
	(compliance with iec 60068 - 2 - 6)			

3.1.2 Installation position

Products need to be installed in a yuyi environment and avoid exposure to the following environments:

- Avoid direct sunlight
- Prevention of rainwater dripping
- > Prevention of oil mist and salt erosion
- Prevention of corrosive liquid, gas
- Prevention of dust, cotton batting and metal Fine intrusion
- Prevention of electromagnetic interference (welding machine, power machine)
- > Away from radioactive materials and combustibles
- To prevent vibration, if can not avoid, please install the earthquake pad to reduce vibration

3.2 Appearance

3.2.1 Size and installation hole position

3.2.1.1 Scope of application : 110KW-250KW



3.2.1.2 Scope of application : 280KW-355KW



3.2.1.3 Scope of application : 400KW-760KW



3.2.2 Peripheral equipment wiring and matters needing attention of frequency conversion cabinet

Be sure to confirm the warning message of the front outer cover of the frequency conversion cabinet, Refer to the following figure 3.3_{\circ}



Fig 3.3 Warning label



- 4. Grounding terminal E of frequency conversion cabinet must be grounded .
- 5. Because the semiconductor components are vulnerable to high voltage damage, it is

not possible to test the pressure test of the internal components of the inverter cabinet.

6. The CMOS IC of the inverter cabinet control board is vulnerable to electrostatic influence and destruction, do not touch the control substrate.

Note: the main power switch points to " off" position in the factory. do not transfer the main power switch to " on" position until after the wiring is complete and check and confirm

Chapter 4

Description of electrical wiring

4.1 Electric diagram of frequency converter cabinet



Note

1. For wiring, refer to the table, select the appropriate wire wire diameter, when the main circuit wiring is long, the voltage drop should not be considered more than 2 % of the rated voltage.

Phase voltage drop $\triangle v = \times$ power line resistance (Ω / km) × distribution distance (m) × current current (a) × 10 - 3

2. When the wiring between the inverter and the motor is very long, please reduce the carrier frequency appropriately (parameter C6 - 01) $_{\circ}$

4.2 Terminal function description

PIN codes	Connection object	Matters needing attention		
R				
S	Ac power supply	380-420 VAC +10%~-10%		
Т				
U		The between impedance of the		
V		motor needs to be balanced and		
W	Load motor there is no short circuit phenomenor			
		The motor line and the earth PE		
		impedance need an open circuit		
R0	Ac power supply	CPTR External power supply of		
T0		machine type		
		380-420 VAC +10%~-10%		

4.2.1 Main loop terminal description

4.2.2 Control wiring diagram of variable frequency cabinet

Туре	PIN	Wiring diagram	Matters needing
	codes		attention
380V	R	Ac 380v power supply	Output
Power supply	Т	To provide the use of control	
(single phase)	E	cabinet	
Start signal	R2	Ac 220v signal	Input
	150	Control cabinet provides open	
		contacts	
Fault signal	111	Inverter state switch signal relay	Output
Operative	112	often open contact	
Condition		250VAC / 1A	
Power On	113	30VDC / 1A	
state			
COM	D24		
Motor current	A109	Motor current analog output	Output
(4-20mA)	A110	A109(+) / A110(-)	-
Screened ground	E	Shield layer ground terminal	

Chapter 5 software indices

5.1 There are two parameters setting.

There are 2 debug display panels on the device, with different functions. The following description::

When we face the machine, the left panel, to start the special panel, function as the motor in stop, the inverter drag the motor $_{\circ}$

In addition to the face of the machine, the right panel, to switch the special panel, the function of the motor running near the power frequency, switching to the power grid $_{\circ}$

As shown in the following figure:

The panel on the left shows 50.10 as the frequency converter starts the special panel, hereinafter referred to as OP $_$ INV $_{\circ}$

The panel on the right shows that the panel of 294A is the dedicated frequency conversion switching special panel, hereinafter referred to as OP $_$ SPG $_{\circ}$



5.1.1 OP_INV User monitoring parameters group description OP_INV User monitoring parameters group

5	5.1.1 General table of user monitoring parameters							
Group	Para	Name	Content	explain	unit			
	U1-01	Frequency command	Monitoring setting of frequency	10V/Max Frequency	0.01Hz			
	U1-02	Output frequency	Monitoring output of frequency	10V/ Max Frequency	0.01Hz			
	U1-03	Output current	Monitoring Output current of inverter	10V/Rate Current I	0.1A			
	U1-06	Output voltage	Monitoring Output voltage of inverter	10V/E1-13 Value	0.1V			
	U1-07	Dc voltage	Monitoring DC voltage of inverter	$10V/(E1-13 \text{ Valuex}\sqrt{2})$				
Sta	U1-10	Input terminal state	Monitoring Input terminal state	Non - output				
State monitoring	U1-11	Output terminal state	Monitoring Output terminal state	Non - output				
nito	U1-14	Software number	Monitoring Software number	Non - output				
ring	U1-15	Terminal AVI input	Monitoring AVI	0-10V/0-100%	0.1%			
	U1-16	Terminal ACI input	Monitoring ACI	4-20mA/0-100%	0.1%			
	U1-46	lgbt temperature	Monitoring Igbt temperature	Non - output				
	U1-48	Working hours	Monitoring work of hours	Non - output				
	U1-49	Working hours	Monitoring work of days	Non - output				
	U3-01	Previous 1 failure	Fault 1 code	Non - output				
	U3-02	Previous 2 failure	Fault 2 code	Non - output				
	U3-03	Previous 3 failure	Fault 3 code	Non - output				

Group	Para	Name	Setting	Range	Unit	Explain
1	B1-02	Operating instruction	1	0-2		No adjustment
		source	I			
2	C1-01	Acceleration time	20.0	0.1-3600.0	Sec	
3	C1-02	Deceleration time	20.0	0.1-3600.0	Sec	
4	D1-13	Step 1 frequency	*	0.00-650.00	Hz	Note ★
5	D1-14	Step 2 frequency	*	0.00-650.00	Hz	Note ★
6	H1-03	Terminal 3 function	3	0-89		No adjustment
7	H1-05	Terminal 5 function	30	0-89		No adjustment
8	H1-11	D1-D5 Node selection	00100			No adjustment
9	H2-01	RY1 function select	2	0-48		No adjustment
10	H2-02	RY2 function select	Е	0-48		No adjustment
11	H4-01	AO1 function select	3	1-7		No adjustment
12	H4-02	AO1 Output gain	100	1-7		No adjustment
13	L3-02	Accelerated stall prevention	150	50-300		
14	L3-06	Running stall prevention	150	50-300		
15	L3-07	Retardation of stalling	150	50-300		
16	L4-02	Frequency detection range	0.00	0.00-30.00	Hz	
17	E1-04	Upper frequency limit output	51.00	40.00-650.00	Hz	
18	E2-01	Rated current of motor	**			Note★★

OP_INV Programming parameter group

Note:

★ Speed 1 frequency / segment speed 2 frequency: according to different power and operating conditions have different settings.

★★ Rated current of motor: set according to customer order demand. if the order is not required, the rated current of SPG frequency conversion cabinet is set. \circ

OP_SPG Programming parameter group

item	Para	Explain	Setting	Range	Unit	Reamak
1	C1-01	Switching angle up limit	20.0	0.1-3600.0	Sec	Note★★★
2	C1-02	Switching angle lower limits	20.0	0.1-3600.0	Sec	Note★★★
3	C1-03	Switching delay time	2.5	0.0-100.0	ms	Note★★★

 $\star \star \star$ Switching angle and time: according to different power and operating conditions have different settings. The following are different power and load conditions, Set parameters.

Centrifuge (OP_SPG Panel parameter)							
Models	Parameter	Setting	Explain				
	C1-01	48	Switching angle up limit				
760KW	C1-02	44	Switching angle lower limits				
	C1-03	1.0	Switching delay time				
	C1-01	48	Switching angle up limit				
400KW	C1-02	44	Switching angle lower limits				
	C1-03	1.0	Switching delay time				

Screw extruder (OP_SPG Panel parameter)							
Models	Parameter	Setting	Explain				
132KW—280KW	C1-01	4	Switching angle up limit				
	C1-02	1	Switching angle lower limits				
	C1-03	1.0	Switching delay time				

Chapter 6 diagnosis and elimination of anomalies

6.1 General

Fault detection and early warning / self - diagnosis function of frequency conversion cabinet. When the frequency conversion cabinet detects that the fault code is displayed in the led operator, the fault contact output action, cut off the output of the inverter cabinet, so that the motor is free to run (in some fault, the method of stopping is optional). The following faults may be encountered during the use of the frequency converter. please refer to the following methods for simple fault analysis :

OP_INV Fault message and exclusion					
Item	LED	Fault Description	Possible causes	Exclude	
	Display				
1	OC	1.overcurrent The output current of the converter exceeds the flow detection value (200 % of the rated current). The converter output or load is short circuit	 acceleration / deceleration time is too short. start the motor that is rotating short circuit or ground fault occurs contact, short circuit to ground caused by motor damage, insulation deterioration, cable breakage. low voltage the selection of frequency converter is too small 	 extended acceleration / deceleration time, C1 - 01 / 02 select rotate speed tracking, start or stop after the motor stops confirm whether the load connection is short circuit remove the motor and try running the inverter adjust the voltage to normal range choose the frequency converter with higher power grade 	
2	GF	Ground fault The short circuit current of the output side exceeds the rated output current of 50 % converter And I8 - 10 = 1 (gf function startup).	1. the defect of the motor ground or dcct current sensor	1. check motor wiring and wiring impedance	
3	OV	1.The main circuit voltage is too high: The DC voltage has exceeded the vervoltage detection value About 820 v DC	 the deceleration time is too short, leading to the high energy recovery. high voltage supply voltage existence of external force drive motor running no brake unit and brake resistance are added 	 extended deceleration time C1 – 02 check the input circuit and reduce the input voltage Meet the specification requirements. cancel the power or add the brake resistance installation of braking unit and resistance 	
4	SC	Short circuit to output or load of converter	The motor 3 is short circuited or broken skin contact to the housing	Detection of motor and motor lines	
5	PF	1.Input owed phase: The variable input side owes or has a large voltage imbalance.	 the three-phase input power supply is not normal abnormity of 	 check and troubleshoot problems in the peripheral circuits seeking technical support 	

6.1.1 OP_INV Fault message and exclusion Description

2.L8 - 05 = 1, start this fault detection. lightning protection board 3. seeking technical su 6 LF Output due phase: The output of the converter is backward. L8 - 07 = 1, start this fault detection. 1. the lead of the converter is unbalanced when the motor is running. A drive plate anomaly 1. through as the motor is running. S. drive plate anomaly 3. seeking technical su 7 OH 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Stopped 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Stopped 1. check whether the wis low or blocked 8 OH1 The CPU temperature is too high. Stopped 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Stopped 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Stopped 1. check the setting of CBT alarm temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Stopped 8 OH1 The CPU temperature is too low, high. Motor overload: 1. the temperature of the reactor is too low. 1. check the setting of CBT alarm temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Causing the motor to overreact. 2. the cooling fan has stopped. 3. check the setting of CBT alarm temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Causing the motor to overreact. 2. the cooling fan has been stopped. 3. check the setting of CBT alarm temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. Causing the motor to overreact. 2. the cooling fan has been stopped. 3. check the setting of CBT alarm temperature environment. 1. check the v/f mod act temperatu	
6 LF Output due phase: The output of the converter is backward. L8 - 07 = 1, start this fault detection. 1. the lead of the converter to the motor is not normal 1. throubleshooting perip faults 7 OH 1. the lead of the converter to the motor is not normal 2. the three-phase winding of the motor normal side by side 7 OH 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 2. cocling fan has stopped 3. check whether the solow or blocked 8 OH1 The CPU temperature is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the temperature of the surrounding environment. 1. check the temperature of the surrounding environment. 1. check the temperature of the voltage setting of the v	pport
0 L1 converter to the motor is not normal is backward. faults 2. check whether the three phase winding of the motor is running. 1 L8 - 07 = 1, start this fault detection. 2. the three-phase output of inverter is unbalanced when the motor is running. 3. drive plate anomaly 3. seeking technical su around the environ the frequency corve cabinet 7 OH 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high 5. the setting of IGBT alarm temperature parameter is too ligh. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 3. colored the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 8 OH1 The CPU temperature is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 8 OH1 The CPU temperature is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the setting of 1 cenck the setting of the reactor is too low. 9 OL1 Motor overload: 1. the voltage setting of the setting of the voltage	
IGBT overheated. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high 2. cooling fan has stopped 3. problems of water cooling 4. check dust and dirt or radiator 8 OH1 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high 3. problems of water cooling 4. check the setting of IGBT alarm temperature parameter is too low 8 OH1 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the setting of IGBT alarm temperature (ISB) 8 OH1 1. the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the temperature of the surrounding environment is too high. 9 OL1 Motor overload: 1. the voltage setting of the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor to overreact. 9 OL1 Motor overload: 1. the voltage setting of the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor to overreact. 9 OL1 Notor overload: 1. the voltage setting of the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor rated current setting (E2-O1) is incorrect.	· is pport pport re
Summer the surrounding environment is too high. 1. check the temperature around the inverter environment. The CPU temperature is too high. 2. the cooling fan has been stopped. 2. check dust scale of f heat sink. 3. the alarm temperature parameter setting of the reactor is too low. 3. the voltage setting of the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor to overreact. 3. the voltage setting of the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor to overreact. 1. check the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor to overreact. Motor overload: Motor overload: 1. the voltage setting (E2-O1) is incorrect. 1. check the load size at time.	ersion of fan or vater flow carrier) IGBT
Motor overload: the v / f mode is too high, causing the motor to overreact. 1. check the v / f mod Motor overload: the motor to overreact. 2. the motor rated current setting (E2 - 01) is incorrect. 1. check the v / f mod	an or alarm
3, the motor load is too large.	ır.
10 OI2 10 OI2 11 the voltage of the v / f mode is set too high. 11 the voltage of the v / f mode is set too high. 11 the capacity of inverter cabinet is too small. 11 the motor load is too large. 11 the acceleration time is set too short.	and cycle
11UV1The main circuit voltage is too low: The DC bus voltage is lower than the low voltage detection value or DC bus electromagnetic1. the input power supply voltage is too low.1. check the power sup system.11UV1The main circuit voltage is too low: Uw.1. the input power supply voltage is too low.1. check the power sup system.12The DC bus voltage is lower than the low voltage detection value or DC bus electromagnetic1. the input power supply is backward.1. check the power sup system.13Check whether the term supply is backward.1. check the power sup system.	erminal is m.

		contactor is not input, and	3. the acceleration time	
		the converter is running. Approx. 380 VDC	setting is too short.	 check the power system capacity.
		(the detection value can be adjusted by I5 - 09).	4. the voltage fluctuation of the input power supply is too large.	5. check the electromagnetic contactor.
			5. the DC bus electromagnetic contactor is not invested.	
12	UV3	Exception of main contactor: Detection circuit or line fault. Cpu board failure	 the auxiliary contact joint of the contactor is loose line to the main board, terminal block loose fault of control board contactor failure 	 joint Again tight terminal Again tight replace the control panel. replace contactor.
13	CPF03	Abnormal operation of CPU board EEPROM	1. the CPU board EEPROM fault.	1. replace the control panel.
14	CTER	Current loop detection anomaly	1. fault of current sensor.	1. replace the sensor.
15	UV	Main circuit voltage: The DC bus voltage is lower than the low voltage detection, and the converter is down. 380 VDC: (I5 - 09 may be set for detection)	 the power supply voltage is too low. loss of instantaneous power. 	1. check the input voltage. 2. check the main loop MC.
16	OE	The frequency converter starts the timeout; (I5 - 04 may set the timeout)	 the angle range of switching plate switching is set too small (C1 - 01 / C1 - 02) the acceleration time of the converter does not match the timeout setting phase sequence detection hardware fault low switching frequency setting of frequency converter 	 increase the range of switching angle set the acceleration time and time out of match check the phase sequence detection circuit set the correct switching frequency
17	LOC	A1 - 04 after setting the password, attempt to modify the parameter	In the password setting, an attempt to modify the parameter cannot be modified	Enter the correct password in parameter A1 - 04
18	OPE01	Abnormal power setting of frequency converter	Set the wrong power	Please notify the original manufacturer
19	OPE02	Parameter setting range is not good	Non - professionals debugging	Check the manual or notify the original customer service
20	OPE12	In operation, try to modify the parameter of modifying	Non - professionals	Check the manual or notify the

		attribute in not	debugging	original customer service
21	OPE15	Parameter setting error 1. attempt to modify O2 - 04 2. the change of parameter value in communication is Overrun	Non - professionals debugging	Check the manual or notify the original customer service
22	STP0	Zero speed stop	When a running instruction is issued, but the frequency instruction < 0.1 Hz	 1. detect the operation instruction terminal normal or not? 2. detect the frequency command terminal normal or not?
23	STP1	Direct startup failure	When the converter sets the external operation ($B1 - 02 =$ 1) and the direct start function is invalid ($15 -$ 06 = 1), if the operation switch is placed in the conduction position when the power supply is in, the frequency converter cannot start, and the blink is flashing.	1.detect the operation instruction terminal, no3.set I5 - 06 = 0, but be careful.
24	STP2	Keyboard emergency stop	1. start the running process, press the stop key on the op _ inv panel to cause the machine to stop and display the STP2 fault code.	 open the power cut and restart it again notify the original customer service

The following malfunctions may be encountered during the spg power frequency switching process, please refer to the following methods for simple fault analysis

	OP_SPG Fault message and exclusion					
Item	LED Display	Fault Description	Possible causes	Exclude		
1	PSE2	 the frequency of power grid does not match frequency of frequency converter frequency and frequency conversion error 	 improper setting of frequency converter frequency the power frequency and frequency conversion phase sequence do not match 	 set frequency converter frequency matching with grid frequency adjusting input frequency phase sequence 		
2	PSE3	 switch the trigger head 1 switch signal before starting the start signal after the switch plate head 1 completes the switching action, the switch signal is revoked prior to the start signal 	1. switch cabinet internal fault	1. try to restart the power off, if the fault persists, repair		
3	PSE4	 switch the trigger head 2 switch signal before starting the start signal after the switch plate head 2 completes the switching action, the switch signal is revoked prior to the start signal 	1. switch cabinet internal fault	1. try to restart the power off, if the fault persists, repair		

6.1.2 OP_SPG Fault message and exclusion Description

6.1.3 Other faults message and exclusion Description

Other faults				
Item	Failure phenomenon	Possible causes	Solution	
1	No display on power	 power grid voltage is not or too low the switch power supply fault of the inverter drive plate bridge bridge damage the converter buffer resistance is damaged. control board, keyboard fault the connection between the control panel and the driving board and the keyboard 	 check the input power supply check bus voltage hand device seek factory service 	
2	The motor does not rotate after the frequency converter is running	 motor and motor line error of converter parameter setting (motor parameter) the driving plate is in bad contact with the control panel drive plate fault 	 reconfirm the connection between the inverter and the motor replace motor or remove mechanical fault check and reset the motor parameters seeking service of manufacturer 	
3	Input terminal inoperative	 parameter setting error external signal error fault of control board 	 check and reset the H1 group related parameters reconnect external signal wire seek service from manufacturer 	
4	The frequency converter frequently reports the flow and overvoltage fault	 motor parameter setting is incorrect acceleration / deceleration time is not appropriate load fluctuation 	 reset the motor parameters or make motor tuning set appropriate deceleration time seek service from manufacturer 	
11	Start motor dithering	 motor and motor line error of inverter parameter setting (motor parameter) error internal drive (drive failure) 	 check whether the grid is balanced; check the setting of frequency converter parameter measuring the output voltage balance of the converter 	